National League cruises to victory in All-Star Game sports, BI

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Suspected brothels raided



Eight massage parlors and day spas targeted after yearlong investigation

A yearlong investigation into widespread prostitution in Spo-kane County culminated Tues-day with raids at eight suspected brothels in what authorities say is an attempt to permanently close

the longtime businesses.
Complaints from Northern
Quest Casino officials about
prostitution activity prompted
the Airway Heights Police Department to conduct undercover strings of suspected prostitutes
who in turn agreed to work as
confidential informants.
Police learned of websites that

advertised prostitution services and realized they were con-nected to businesses in Spokane that appear to be day spas and massage parlors but are actually fronts for brokered sex deals, said Lee Bennett, Airway Heights police chief. Local agencies and federal in-vestigators are assisting in the probe. "We don't believe that anyone is going for a legitimate massage,"

See RAID. A12

\$800 million

Cost overruns related to licensing delays for nuclear Plant Vogtle in eastern Georgia.

\$4.5 billion

Possible cost of long-mothballed Watts Bar nuclear power plant in eastern Tennessee. It was initially budgeted at \$2.5 billion.

\$670 million

Cost overruns for nuclear Plant Summer in South Carolina, which is expected to cost around \$10.5 billion.

COSTS **RISING** ON NUKE PROJECTS

cheap natural gas hurt nuclear reviv

By Ray Henry

ATLANTA - Ameri-ca's first new nuclear plants in more than a dec-ade are costing billions more to build and some-

age are costing fillions more to build and some-times taking longer to de-liver than planned, prob-lems that could chill the industry's hopes for a jumpstart to the nation's new nuclear age.

Licensing delay charge-es, soaring construction expenses and installation glitches as mundane as misshapen metal bars have driven up the costs of three plants in Georgia, Tennessee and South Ca-rolina, from hundreds of millions to as much as \$2.

rolina, from hundreds of millions to as much as \$2 billion, according to an Associated Press analysis of public records and regulatory filings.

Those problems, along with jangled nerves from last year's meltdown in Japan and the lure of cheap natural gas, could discourage utilities from sinking cash into new reactors, experts said. The building slowdown would be another blow to the so-called nuclear renaissance, a drive over the past decade to build 30 new reactors to meet the country's growing power needs. Industry watchers now say that only a handful will be built this decade.

"People are looking at these things very carefully," said Richard Lester, head of the department of melcar science and engineering at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. Inexpensive gas alone, he said, "is casting a pretty long shadow over the prospects"

See NUCLEAR, A12

Celebrating rail heritage



Bruce Juneau, a train historian with the Inland Empire Railway Historical Society, checks out Union Pacific 949, an ES streamliner locomotive, at the downtown Amtrak station on Tuesday. "Tve always loved trains; I grew up around them," he said, Jotting down entended and car numbers and reciting facts about their histories. "I wanted to be an engineer, but medical problems forced me to stay off the rails."

Union Pacific adds Spokane to Train Town USA registry

About 1,500 people showed up at the Amtrak station on Tuesday to celebrate the 150th birthday of America's largest railroad network, the Union Pacific.

The turnout included train enthusiasts, model train collectors, current and former railroad workers, and families with generations of history

In recognition of the role Spokane has played in the growth of the rail lines, company officials awarded the city membership in Union Pacific's new Train Town USA registry. The membership marks the city as a place of historical significance to the railroad.

Spokane is the 18th city to join the registry and See TRAIN, A12

Roll-your-own cigarettes put out by state, fed taxes

Machine owners must now federal

About 16 months ago, Mohammad Khan at Spokane Cigar bought a roll-your-own cigarette machine that slowly but surely developed a following among his customers. By last month, it was producing and selling as many as 10 cartons a day to people who liked the lower-

cost cigarettes.

Now, thanks to state court rulings
and the federal highway bill, that
\$33,000 machine has become little
more than "an expensive paperweight," he said. It was moved to a
back room in the North Division
store and may never roll another
cigarette.

See CIGARETTES, A12



>> Movies, C4

>> Opinion, A13 75 cents (\$1 in so

New! Ram 1500 Quad Cab 4x4





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FROM THE FRONT PAGE / BUSINESS

RAID

ued from A1

Bennett said, "We have not found

Continue from A:

Bennett said. "We have not found any typical massage-type equipment in these spas."

At least five people who own four of the suspected brothels were arrested Tuesday, and more arrests were expected. Six residences belonging to the owners were searched, along with six businesses in Spokane and two in Spokane Valley. Many of the businesses have been operating for years along busy streets.

Customers were present during some of the raids, which occurred simultaneously at noon, but they were not arrested on what would be misdemeanor charges of soliciting a prostitute. Bennett said authorities are focusing on the business owners, who face felony charges of promoting prostitution as well as money laundering and criminal profiteering, Store managers may also be charged.

"Were wanting to curtail the activities of these spas," Bennett said.

Yong Cha Kassim, 62, owner of

said.
Yong Cha Kassim, 62, owner of
Joe Jean's Oriental Health Spa at
2712 N. Division St., bragged during her arrest that she'd been in
business for 30 years, Bennett
said

business for 30 years, Bennett said.

Also arrested were Tony Ray
Day, 36, and his mother, Chin Sim
Day, 68, who own Oriental Spa
North at 827 E. Francia Ave.; Insuk
Argo, 59, who owns Starlite at
2829 N. Market St.; and Jessica
Vargas of Moses Lake, who owns
Absolute Spa at 9315 E. Trent Ave.
Bennetts aid 200 to 250 women
"cycle through the spas," Informatis have reported earning about
\$6,000 a month while some of the
businesses earn about \$10,000,
Bennett said.
Bennett said.

businesses earn about \$10,000. Bennett said. Bennett said the women range from 20 to 40 years old. Police have not found any underage girls, nor have they found women being held against their will, but the investigation is ongoing. "We're hoping that people will come forward to talk to us about that," Bennett said. Bennett said he doesn't believe large prostitution rings are unique to Spokane County. "I think it happens in every city in the United States, and the larger the metropolis, the more you're going to have it," Bennett said. "I think a lot of people are spending money on places they shouldn't be spending money on?" Bennett said informants were crucial to the investigation and al-

Operation Red Light

A raid was conducted simultaneously on eight suspected brothels by a multiagency law enforcement task force on Tuesday.



	_ V 	29th ²² − 8 Kane 25	
	BUSINESS	OWNER	AGE
O	Oriental Spa South 515 S. Maple St.	Diana P. Welch	31
Ø	Far East Spa 213 E. Sprague Ave.	William R. Westover	40
Ø	Joe Jean's Spa 2712 N. Division St.	Yong C. Kassim	62
9	Asian Spa 3130 N. Division St.	William R. Westover	40
9	Oriental Spa North 827 E. Francis Ave.	Chin S. Day/ Tony Day	68/ 36
3	Starlite 2829 N. Market St.	Insuk Argo	59
0	Montana's Spa 7413 E. Trent Ave.	Brandy L. Birkland	41
0	Absolute Spa	Jessica Vargas	27

SOURCE: Airway Heights Police D

lowed them to learn how the spas lowed them to learn how the spas-operate. Some have security screenings that require refer-ences. Bennett said police work-ing undercover arranged to meet prostitutes at Northern Quest then arrested them after broker-tutes and johns then agreed to work as confidential informants. Bennett said one undercover officer was targeted for robbery by

a prostitute he'd arranged to meet.
"There's probably a lot of robberies or other issues that are goring on that are not reported," Bennett said. "It's all criminal-based. It's a criminal activity."
Major Craig Meidl of the Spokane Police Department said undercover police investigations involving prostitutes can be difficult because the women often test potential customers by trying to restorated activators. notential customers by trying to

get physical before brokering a deal, knowing police won't do

rhat.
"Ethically, morally and even legally, it would be inappropriate for us to engage in what they call heat checks," Meid said.
Police have long suspected illegal activity at the businesses but haven't been able to prove it, said Officer Jennifer DeRuwe, Spokane police spokeswoman.
The investigation, called Operation Red Light, began 14 months ago and involved the appointment of aspecial inquiry judge and prosecutor, a secretive and rare investigative technique in Washington state that's similar to a federal garad jury, Special inquiry judges have subpoena power.
Prosecutors have not yet filed formal charges. The suspects arrested Tuesday are expected to appear in court today.
It's not the first police raid targeting prostitution activity in Spokane this year. In February, police searched motel rooms in Airway Heights and Spokane as part of an investigation into a group of traveling prostitutions was arrested for laundering profits cause the local competition is ugly. In 2007, the operator of a large-time the search of the prostitution in the search of the prostitution in the control of the prostitution in the country of the prostitution in the country of the prostitution in the prostitution of the prostitution in the prostitution of the prostitution in the country of the prostitution of the prostitutio

TRAIN

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Continued from Al
the only Washington member.
Union Pacific spokesman
Brock Nelson handed Mayor
David Condon a commemorative coin and a sign that reads
"Train Town USA" and read a
proclamation stating Spokane's
induction into the registry.
Condon said he took his oath
of office under the Riverfront
Clocktower in part to pay tribute to the inpact railroads have
had the condon the condon the registry.
The Clocktower is what
brought a lot of the Angle Sacons to this area because of the
railroad, quite frankly," Condon
said.
Union Pacific which stopped

Union Pacific, which stopp Union Pacific, which stopped running passenger trains in 1971 but continues to run freight, brought restored locomotives and passenger search from the height of passenger rail. Most of the cars were closed to public entry, but attendees could walk through an old baggage car converted into a traveling railroad museum to see old tools, read signs or watch videos about the roots of Union Pacific.

The collection, called the Heritage Fleet, mostly featured cars from the 1950s, but it also that the control of the co

company.

"It's unique, because you don't see a lot of families who've worked through the generations at a lot of different companies," Lange said. "We've run into quite a bit of that."

CIGARETTES

Continued from Al

"I'll give you a great deal,"
Khan joked Tuesday, but he
turned serious when explaining
he may have to cut staff.

The machines, which were
once a growth industry in Washington as smokers sought to
avoid one of the nation's highest
cigarette tax rates, are essentially
being put in motholalls by federal
legislation that was signed last
Friday and by state court rulings
handed down a few days earlier.
The massive federal bill, designed mainly to start or continue major transportation projects, also has a provision that requires owners of the machines to
obtain federal licenses like the

major cigarette manufacturers. Getting that license can take as long as a year, said Mike Gowry-low, of the state Department of Revenue. Additionally, the stores must

Revenue.

Additionally, the stores must start collecting the same state and federal taxes on roll-your-own cigarettes that are assessed on commercially produced ciga-

rettes.

The federal tax is about \$1 per pack for cigarettes; the state tax is another \$3 per pack, or 15 cents

pack for cigarettes; the state tas is another \$3 per pack, or 15 cents per cigarette. Earlier in the week, the state Supreme Court dismissed a challenge to Washington tax law filed by the manufacturer and operators of roll-your-own cigarette machines. The operators had won the first round in the fight

over the tax in June, when a trial judge said the Legislature improperly extended the state's taxes on cigarettes to the roll-your-own machines. But the state appealed, and the roll-your-own industry was ordered to post a \$200,000 bond to cover the taxes they might owe if they lost the appeal. When they didn't post the money, the tax went into effect as scheduled. After Congress passed the highway bill at the end of June, the machine distributors and owners agreed with the Revenue Department to dismiss the case in state courts.

courts.
With the new state and federal taxes combined, the cost of a carton of roll-your-own smokes – 10 packs with 20 cigarettes each –

would go from about \$33 to about \$55, Khan said.
That's close to the cost of a cart on of factory-rolled cigarettes. The differential was what generated the steady rise in customers to the machines, he said, and made them popular among people with low or fixed incomes. By some projections, Eastern Washington was going to have \$5 of the machines by the end of the year, Khan said, and the Intersection of the machines by the end of the year, Khan said, and the Intersection of the machines with the year was a succession of the washington as a succession of the property of

Stores that relied principally on the revenue generated by the

machines have shut down. Khan's store sells cigars and other tobacco products, so it will just cut back. He's not sure if he sale stax and he tobacco state he sales tax and he tobacco state he sales he sale stax he sale show the sale show

NUCLEAR

for construction of new nuclear plants.

The AP's review of pending projects found:

The AP's review of pending projects found:

• Plant Vogtle in eastern Georgia, initially estimated to cost \$14 billion, has run into more than \$800 million in extra charges related to licensing delays. A state monitor has said bluntly that coowner Southern Co. can't stick to its budget. The plant, whose first reactor was supposed to be operational by April 2016, is now delayed seven months.

• The long-mothballed Watts Bar power plant in castern Tenessee, initially budgeted at \$2.5 billion, will cost up to \$2 billion more, the Tennessee Valley Authority concluded this spring. The utility said its initial budget under-

estimated how much work needed to finish the plant

estimated how much work was needed to finish the plant and wasted money by not completing more design work before starting construction. The project had been targeted to finish this year, but has been postponed until 2015.

• Plant Summer in South Ca-rolina, expected to cost around \$10.5 billion, has seen costs jump by \$670 million; but with lower interest rates and cheaper-than-expected labor, the owners assert the project is still on or under budget. A deadline to put the first new reactor online has been delayed from 2016 to 2017; the second reactor is now eight months ahead of muclear business say cost overruns are expected in projects this complex, and that they are balanced out by other savings over the life of the plant. Southern Co. expects

Plant Vogtle will cost \$2 billion less to operate over its 60-year lifetime than initially projected because of amicipated tax breaks and historically low interest rates. Regulators have been trying to make it easier to build, encouraging the use of off-the-shelf-reactor designs that get approval in advance. New construction techniques are supposed to require less in-the-field assembly, making building quicker and reducing human error. Interest rates and labor costs have been down after a bruising recession. "It's a down environment economically," said Steve Byrne, president of generation and transmission for SCANA's South Carolina Electric & Gas Co., one of the utilities building Plant Summer's reactors. "It's terrible for the country, but it's a great time to be building" a nuclear facility.

But the economy is also working against progress on new construction. The next company in line to build, Progress Energy, has pushed back construction plans for two reactors in Florida because of the economy, low demand and extremely cheap natural gas. It expects its first new reactor to be finished in 2024.

The plants burning natural gas are far cheaper to build than nuclear power plants. But utility executives say they need a diversified mix of power plants, including nuclear, because relying too heavily on a single fuel such as natural gas backfires if prices rises that industry already under financial pressure, after meltudown last year at the Fukushima Daichi nuclear plant after at sunami in Japan. NRC Energy wrote off a \$481 million investment in two But the economy is also work-

planned reactors in Texas shortly after the accident, clinig uncer-tainties after the Japanese disas-ter. Other utilities still seeking to build have said they expect the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Com-mission will adopt new safety rules in response to the accident, they cannot predict the exact costs.

Costs.

Industry leaders say the soaring costs could threaten projects that are worth the investment and send the wrong message to the

send the wrong message to the public.
"It's important to get this project done right because if every time we build a nuclear plant we go substantially over budget, rate-payers will begin to believe we can't do a nuclear project on budget," said Tim Echols, a nuclear power proponent who chairs Georgia's Public Service Commission.

CHINA

Continued from AO jewelers in Hong Kong are complaining about a decline in free spenders from China.

The slowdown has also crimped earnings at U.S. corporations that had been expanding in China, including Caterpillar Inc., Nike Inc., McDonald's Corp. and Yum Brands Inc., which operates KFC and Pizza Hut.

Hut.
With a once-in-a-decade transition of top leadership looming in China this year, stability is paramount. Calls are growing for officials to buttress the economy through policy tinkering and government stimulus.

lus.

But China's leaders must proceed carefully. The nation is still suffering the fallout from the last round of intervention fol-

owing the 2008 global crisis. To keep the economy humming, Beijing spent billions on public works and encouraged banks to lend – easy credit that fueled a housing bubble and a surge of borrowing by local govern-ments.

borrowing by local governments.
Some economists think Beij-ing will successfully steer the country back on track, perhaps as soon as the third quarter of this year. Others aren't so sure. "The landing of China is becoming harder rather than softer," New York University professor and longtime bear Nouriel Roubini recently told Bloomberg. "It's the perfect storm, You could have a collapse of the eurozone, a U.S. double-dip, hard-landing of China, hard-landing of emerging markets and a war in the Middle East. Next year could be a global perfect storm."

FOOD Continued from A10

Continued from AlO
caused a large drop in the share
prices of major chicken producers, who are spread across
the Southeast.
When supply is tight and demand is strong, prices rise. The
price for future delivery of corn
soared 29 percent in the three
weeks that ended Monday, approaching the record prices set
in June 2011 during flooding in
the Midwest. Prices dipped a bit
Tuesday ahead of today's update
on corn crops from the USDA.
Additionally, prices for ethanol, a biofuel made primarily
from corn, are at seven-month
highs and producers are curbing
production animal rising prices
unners, as gooline prices have
plunged in recent months. Financial wires report that hedge

funds and other speculators are flooding back into contracts for future delivery of corn, wheat, sopheans and similar products, anticipating volatile prices in the months ahead.

It all means that the prices of hamburgers, steak, chicken nuggets, eggs and even a loaf of bread are likely to go up. It may happen subtly, but it probably will happen, much as it did in recent years as spikes in fuel prices fed into the cost of food production.

The Midwest isn't the only place where dry conditions are hurting growers. West of Lexington, Ky, Adrienne Lewis' familyrun Cleary Hill Farm struggles with the unusually dry summer. "Vegetables are drying up, even though we irrigate pretty much nonstop," she said. "Now it's not a matter of trying to get plants to produce; it's just hoping to keep them alive until we get

How much this all translates to rising food prices for consumers is hard to gauge. Farmers now use genetically modified seeds that improve the plants' drought tolerance, and this sumer is effectively a trial by fire for the technology. A well-timer ain and drought-tolerant plants could mean that things don't end as hadly as now is feared.

"While there is a lot of speculation and a lot of nervousness, the reality is we won't really know until we start harvesting this fall," said Nathan Fields, the director of biotechnology and economic analysis for the St. Louis-based National Con Growers Association. Predictions of falling yields proved off during last year's flooding, Fields cautioned, and the same could happen with this year's dry weather.